

# Zeus' Tile Sealer

Dated 8/7/2024 Printed on 8/7/2024 Page n. 1 / 11

Revision nr 2

Replaced revision:1 (Dated 5/2/2024)

## **Safety Data Sheet**

According to U.S.A. Federal Hazcom 2012

#### 1. Identification

#### 1.1. Product identifier

Code: PCT223

Product name Zeus' Tile Sealer

1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Intended use STAIN RESISTANT TILE SEALANT

1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Name FABER CHIMICA S.R.L.

Full address Via Ceresani 10

District and Country 60044 Campo D'Olmo - Fabriano (ANCONA)

ITALIA

Tel. 0732627178 Fax 073222395

e-mail address of the competent person

responsible for the Safety Data Sheet quality@fabersurfacecare.com

1.4. Emergency telephone number

For urgent inquiries refer to USA 911

## 2. Hazards identification

## 2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

The product is classified as hazardous pursuant to the provisions set forth in OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (HCS) (29 CFR 1910.1200). The product thus requires a safety datasheet.

Any additional information concerning the risks for health and/or the environment are given in sections 11 and 12 of this sheet.

Classification and Hazard Statement

Flammable liquid, category 2
Eye irritation, category 2

Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure,

category 3
Hazard pictograms:

Highly flammable liquid and vapour. Causes serious eye irritation. May cause drowsiness or dizziness.





Signal words: Danger

Hazard statements:

H225Highly flammable liquid and vapour.H319Causes serious eye irritation.H336May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

Precautionary statements:

Prevention:

P210 Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.

P261 Avoid breathing dust / fume / gas / mist / vapours / spray.

P242 Use only non-sparking tools.

**P280** Wear protective gloves / eye protection / face protection.

P271 Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.
P240 Ground / bond container and receiving equipment.
P243 Take precautionary measures against static discharge.

**P241** Use explosion-proof electrical / ventilating / lighting / . . . / equipment.

P264 Wash hands and face thoroughly after handling.

Response:



# Zeus' Tile Sealer

Revision nr.2 Dated 8/7/2024 Printed on 8/7/2024 Page n. 2 / 11

Replaced revision:1 (Dated 5/2/2024)

#### 2. Hazards identification .../>>

P305+P351+P338 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to

do. Continue rinsing.

P303+P361+P353 IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water / shower.

P312 Call a POISON CENTER / doctor / . . . / if you feel unwell.
P337+P313 If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice / attention.

**P304+P340** IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing.

P370+P378 In case of fire: use carbon dioxide, foam, chemical powder to extinct.

Storage:

**P403+P235** Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.

P403+P233 Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed.

P405 Store locked up.

Disposal:

**P501** Dispose of contents/container in collection areas for hazardous or special waste.

#### 2.2. Other hazards

Additional hazards

Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.

## 3. Composition/information on ingredients

#### 3.2. Mixtures

Contains:

Identification Conc. % Classification:

**METHYLETHYLKETONE** 

INDEX 606-002-00-3 95.4 Flammable liquid, category 2 H225, Eye irritation, category 2 H319, Specific

target organ toxicity - single exposure, category 3 H336

EC 201-159-0 CAS 78-93-3 **N-BUTYL ACETATE** 

INDEX 607-025-00-1 2.88 Flammable liquid, category 3 H226, Specific target organ toxicity - single

exposure, category 3 H336

EC 204-658-1 CAS 123-86-4

The full wording of hazard (H) phrases is given in section 16 of the sheet.

### 4. First-aid measures

#### 4.1. Description of first aid measures

In case of doubt or in the presence of symptoms contact a doctor and show him this document.

In case of more severe symptoms, ask for immediate medical aid.

EYES: Remove, if present, contact lenses if the situation allows you to do so easily. Wash immediately with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes, opening the eyelids fully. Get medical advice/attention.

SKIN: Take off contaminated clothing. Wash immediately and thoroughly with running water (and soap if possible). Get medical advice. Avoid further contact with contaminated clothing.

INGESTION: Do not induce vomiting unless explicitly authorised by a doctor. Do not give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Get medical advice/attention.

INHALATION: Remove victim to fresh air, away from the accident scene. In the event of respiratory symptoms (coughing, wheezing, breathing difficulty, asthma) keep the victim in a comfortable position for breathing. If necessary administer oxygen. If the subject stops breathing, administer artificial respiration. Get medical advice/attention.

#### Rescuer protection

It is good practice for rescuers lending support to a person who has been exposed to a chemical substance or to a mixture to wear personal protective equipment. The nature of such protection depends on the hazard level of the substance or mixture, on the type of exposure and on the extent of the contamination. In the absence of other more specific indications, use of disposable gloves in the event of possible contact with body fluids is recommended. For the type of PPE suitable for the characteristics of the substance or mixture, see section 8.

### 4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Specific information on symptoms and effects caused by the product are unknown.

DELAYED EFFECTS: Based on the information currently available, there are no known cases of delayed effects following exposure to this product.





# Zeus' Tile Sealer

Revision nr.2 Dated 8/7/2024 Printed on 8/7/2024 Page n. 3 / 11 Replaced revision:1 (Dated 5/2/2024)

#### 4. First-aid measures .../>>

### 4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

If symptoms occur, whether acute or delayed, consult a doctor.

Means to have available in the workplace for specific and immediate treatment

Running water for skin and eye wash.

## 5. Fire-fighting measures

### 5.1. Extinguishing media

### SUITABLE EXTINGUISHING EQUIPMENT

Extinguishing substances are: carbon dioxide, foam, chemical powder. For product loss or leakage that has not caught fire, water spray can be used to disperse flammable vapours and protect those trying to stem the leak.

UNSUITABLE EXTINGUISHING EQUIPMENT

Do not use jets of water. Water is not effective for putting out fires but can be used to cool containers exposed to flames to prevent explosions.

#### 5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

#### HAZARDS CAUSED BY EXPOSURE IN THE EVENT OF FIRE

Excess pressure may form in containers exposed to fire at a risk of explosion. Do not breathe combustion products.

#### 5.3. Advice for firefighters

#### **GENERAL INFORMATION**

Use jets of water to cool the containers to prevent product decomposition and the development of substances potentially hazardous for health. Always wear full fire prevention gear. Collect extinguishing water to prevent it from draining into the sewer system. Dispose of contaminated water used for extinction and the remains of the fire according to applicable regulations.

SPECIAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT FOR FIRE-FIGHTERS

Normal fire fighting clothing i.e. fire kit (BS EN 469), gloves (BS EN 659) and boots (HO specification A29 and A30) in combination with self-contained open circuit positive pressure compressed air breathing apparatus (BS EN 137).

#### 6. Accidental release measures

#### 6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Block the leakage if there is no hazard.

Wear suitable protective equipment (including personal protective equipment referred to under Section 8 of the safety data sheet) to prevent any contamination of skin, eyes and personal clothing. These indications apply for both processing staff and those involved in emergency procedures.

#### 6.2. Environmental precautions

The product must not penetrate into the sewer system or come into contact with surface water or ground water.

## 6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Collect the leaked product into a suitable container. Evaluate the compatibility of the container to be used, by checking section 10. Absorb the remainder with inert absorbent material.

Make sure the leakage site is well aired. Contaminated material should be disposed of in compliance with the provisions set forth in point 13.

#### 6.4. Reference to other sections

Any information on personal protection and disposal is given in sections 8 and 13.

#### 7. Handling and storage

## 7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Keep away from heat, sparks and naked flames; do not smoke or use matches or lighters. Without adequate ventilation, vapours may accumulate at ground level and, if ignited, catch fire even at a distance, with the danger of backfire. Avoid bunching of electrostatic charges. When performing transfer operations involving large containers, connect to an earthing system and wear antistatic footwear. Vigorous stirring and flow through the tubes and equipment may cause the formation and accumulation of electrostatic charges. In order to avoid the risk of fires and explosions, never use compressed air when handling. Open containers with caution as they may be pressurised. Do not eat, drink or smoke during use. Avoid leakage of the product into the environment.

#### 7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities



# Zeus' Tile Sealer

Revision nr.2 Dated 8/7/2024 Printed on 8/7/2024 Page n. 4 / 11 Replaced revision:1 (Dated 5/2/2024)

#### 7. Handling and storage .../>>

Store only in the original container. Store the containers sealed, in a well ventilated place, away from direct sunlight. Store in a cool and well ventilated place, keep far away from sources of heat, naked flames and sparks and other sources of ignition. Keep containers away from any incompatible materials, see section 10 for details.

#### 7.3. Specific end use(s)

Information not available

## 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

#### 8.1. Control parameters

Regulatory references:

USA NIOSH-REL NIOSH publication No. 2005-149, 3th printing, 2007.

USA OSHA-PEL Occupational Exposure Limits - Limits for Air Contaminants TABLE Z-1-1910.1000.

USA CAL/OSHA-PEL California Division of Occupational Safety and Health (Cal-OSHA) Permissible Exposure Limits

(PELs).

EU OEL EU Directive (EU) 2022/431; Directive (EU) 2019/1831; Directive (EU) 2019/130; Directive (EU)

2019/983; Directive (EU) 2017/2398; Directive (EU) 2017/164; Directive 2009/161/EU; Directive

2006/15/EC; Directive 2004/37/EC; Directive 2000/39/EC; Directive 98/24/EC; Directive

91/322/EEC.

TLV-ACGIH ACGIH 2023

METHYLETHYLKETONE												
Threshold Limit Value												
Type	Country	TWA/8h		STEL/15min		Remarks / Observations						
		mg/m3	ppm	mg/m3	ppm							
OEL	EU	600	200	900	300							
TLV-ACGIH	-	590	200	885	300							
OSHA	USA	590	200									
CAL/OSHA	USA	590	200	885	300							
NIOSH	USA	590	200	885	300							

N-BUTYL ACETATE													
Threshold Limit Value													
Type	Country	TWA/8h		STEL/15mir	า	Remarks / Observations							
		mg/m3	ppm	mg/m3	ppm								
TLV-ACGIH	-		50		150								
OEL	EU	241	50	723	150								
OSHA	USA	710	150										
CAL/OSHA	USA	710	150	950	200								
NIOSH	USA	710	150	950	200								

Legend:

(C) = CEILING; INHAL = Inhalable Fraction; RESP = Respirable Fraction; THORA = Thoracic Fraction.

### 8.2. Exposure controls

As the use of adequate technical equipment must always take priority over personal protective equipment, make sure that the workplace is well aired through effective local aspiration. Personal protective equipment must comply with current regulations.

HAND PROTECTION

Protect hands with category III work gloves.

The following should be considered when choosing work glove material (OSHA 29 CFR 1910.138): compatibility, degradation, permeability time.

The work gloves' resistance to chemical agents should be checked before use, as it can be unpredictable. The gloves' wear time depends on the duration and type of use.

SKIN PROTECTION

Wear category I professional long-sleeved overalls and safety footwear. Wash body with soap and water after removing protective clothing. EYE PROTECTION

Wear airtight protective goggles (OSHA 29 CFR 1910.133).

RESPIRATORY PROTECTION

If the threshold value (e.g. TLV-TWA) is exceeded for the substance or one of the substances present in the product, wear a mask with a NIOSH certified filter, whose class must be chosen according to the limit of use concentration (NIOSH 42 CFR 84, OSHA 29 CFR 1910.134). In the presence of gases or vapours of various kinds and/or gases or vapours containing particulate (aerosol sprays, fumes, mists, etc.) combined filters are required.

Respiratory protection devices must be used if the technical measures adopted are not suitable for restricting the worker's exposure to the threshold values considered. The protection provided by masks is in any case limited.



# Zeus' Tile Sealer

Revision nr.2 Dated 8/7/2024 Printed on 8/7/2024 Page n. 5 / 11 Replaced revision:1 (Dated 5/2/2024)

#### 8. Exposure controls/personal protection ... / >>

If the substance considered is odourless or its olfactory threshold is higher than the corresponding TLV-TWA and in the case of an emergency, wear open-circuit compressed air breathing apparatus or external air-intake breathing apparatus. For a correct choice of respiratory protection device, see standard NIOSH 42 CFR 84, OSHA 29 CFR 1910.134.

**ENVIRONMENTAL EXPOSURE CONTROLS** 

The emissions generated by manufacturing processes, including those generated by ventilation equipment, should be checked to ensure compliance with environmental standards.

## 9. Physical and chemical properties

#### 9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

**Properties** Information Appearance liquid Colour transparent Odour characteristic of solvent Odour threshold not available not available Melting point / freezing point not available Initial boiling point 796 °C (1464,8 °F) Boiling range not available (69,8 °F) Flash point 21 °C Evaporation rate not available Flammability not available Lower explosive limit not available Upper explosive limit not available Vapour pressure 175 mmHa Vapour density not available Relative density 800-820 g/l Solubility not available Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water 0.3 Auto-ignition temperature 404 Decomposition temperature not available Viscosity not available Explosive properties not available Oxidising properties not available 9.2. Other information

## 10. Stability and reactivity

#### 10.1. Reactivity

VOC:

There are no particular risks of reaction with other substances in normal conditions of use.

## METHYLETHYLKETONE

Reacts with: light metals, strong oxidants. Attacks various types of plastic materials. Decomposes under the effect of heat. N-BUTYL ACETATE

98,28 % - 798,00

g/litre

Decomposes on contact with: water.

#### 10.2. Chemical stability

The product is stable in normal conditions of use and storage.

#### 10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

The vapours may also form explosive mixtures with the air.

#### **METHYLETHYLKETONE**

May form peroxides with: air,light,strong oxidising agents.Risk of explosion on contact with: hydrogen peroxide,nitric acid,sulphuric acid.May react dangerously with: oxidising agents,trichloromethane,alkalis.Forms explosive mixtures with: air.

#### N-BUTYL ACETATE

Risk of explosion on contact with: strong oxidising agents. May react dangerously with: alkaline hydroxides, potassium tert-butoxide. Forms explosive mixtures with: air.

#### 10.4. Conditions to avoid

Avoid overheating. Avoid bunching of electrostatic charges. Avoid all sources of ignition.

### **METHYLETHYLKETONE**



## Zeus' Tile Sealer

Revision nr.2 Dated 8/7/2024 Printed on 8/7/2024 Page n. 6 / 11 Replaced revision:1 (Dated 5/2/2024)

## 10. Stability and reactivity .../>>

Avoid exposure to: sources of heat.

N-BUTYL ACETATE

Avoid exposure to: moisture, sources of heat, naked flames.

#### 10.5. Incompatible materials

**METHYLETHYLKETONE** 

Incompatible with: strong oxidants,inorganic acids,ammonia,copper,chloroform.

N-BUTYL ACETATE

Incompatible with: water, nitrates, strong oxidants, acids, alkalis, zinc.

#### 10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

In the event of thermal decomposition or fire, gases and vapours that are potentially dangerous to health may be released.

## 11. Toxicological information

In the absence of experimental data for the product itself, health hazards are evaluated according to the properties of the substances it contains, using the criteria specified in the applicable regulation for classification.

It is therefore necessary to take into account the concentration of the individual hazardous substances indicated in section 3, to evaluate the toxicological effects of exposure to the product.

#### 11.1. Information on toxicological effects

Metabolism, toxicokinetics, mechanism of action and other information

Information not available

Information on likely routes of exposure

N-BUTYL ACETATE

WORKERS: inhalation: contact with the skin.

Delayed and immediate effects as well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure

#### N-BUTYL ACETATE

In humans, the substance's vapours cause irritation of the eyes and nose. In the event of repeated exposure, skin irritation, dermatitis (dryness and cracking of the skin) and keratitis appear.

#### Interactive effects

#### N-BUTYL ACETATE

A case of acute intoxication been reported involving a 33 year old worker while cleaning a tank with a preparation containing xylenes, butyl acetate and ethylene glycol acetate. The person had irritation of the conjunctiva and upper respiratory tract, drowsiness and motor coordination disorders, which disappeared within 5 hours. The symptoms are attributed to poisoning by mixed xylenes and butyl acetate, with a possible synergistic effect responsible for the neurological effects. Cases of vacuolar keratitis are reported in workers exposed to a mixture of butyl acetate and isobutanol vapours, but with uncertainty concerning the responsibility of a particular solvent (INRC, 2011).

## **ACUTE TOXICITY**

METHYLETHYLKETONE

 LD50 (Oral):
 2737 mg/kg Rat

 LD50 (Dermal):
 6480 mg/kg Rabbit

 LC50 (Inhalation vapours):
 23.5 mg/l/8h Rat

N-BUTYL ACETATE

 LD50 (Oral):
 > 6400 mg/kg Rat

 LD50 (Dermal):
 > 5000 mg/kg Rabbit

 LC50 (Inhalation vapours):
 21.1 mg/l/4h Rat

## SKIN CORROSION / IRRITATION

Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.

## SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE / IRRITATION

Causes serious eye irritation

## RESPIRATORY OR SKIN SENSITISATION



# Zeus' Tile Sealer

Revision nr.2 Dated 8/7/2024 Printed on 8/7/2024 Page n. 7 / 11 Replaced revision:1 (Dated 5/2/2024)

## 11. Toxicological information .../>>

Does not meet the classification criteria for this hazard class

#### **GERM CELL MUTAGENICITY**

Does not meet the classification criteria for this hazard class

#### **CARCINOGENICITY**

Does not meet the classification criteria for this hazard class

#### REPRODUCTIVE TOXICITY

Does not meet the classification criteria for this hazard class

## **STOT - SINGLE EXPOSURE**

May cause drowsiness or dizziness

#### **STOT - REPEATED EXPOSURE**

Does not meet the classification criteria for this hazard class

#### **ASPIRATION HAZARD**

Does not meet the classification criteria for this hazard class

## 12. Ecological information

Use this product according to good working practices. Avoid littering. Inform the competent authorities, should the product reach waterways or contaminate soil or vegetation.

#### 12.1. Toxicity

Information not available

#### 12.2. Persistence and degradability

**METHYLETHYLKETONE** 

Solubility in water > 10000 mg/l

Rapidly degradable

N-BUTYL ACETATE

Solubility in water 1000 - 10000 mg/l

#### 12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

METHYLETHYLKETONE

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water 0.3

N-BUTYL ACETATE

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water 2.3

BCF 15.3

## 12.4. Mobility in soil

N-BUTYL ACETATE

Partition coefficient: soil/water < 3



# Zeus' Tile Sealer

Revision nr.2 Dated 8/7/2024 Printed on 8/7/2024 Page n. 8 / 11

Replaced revision:1 (Dated 5/2/2024)

#### 12. Ecological information .../>>

#### 12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

On the basis of available data, the product does not contain any PBT or vPvB in percentage ≥ than 0,1%.

#### 12.6. Other adverse effects

Information not available

## 13. Disposal considerations

#### 13.1. Waste treatment methods

Reuse, when possible. Neat product residues should be considered special non-hazardous waste.

Disposal must be performed through an authorised waste management firm, in compliance with national and local regulations.

CONTAMINATED PACKAGING

Contaminated packaging must be recovered or disposed of in compliance with national waste management regulations.

## 14. Transport information

#### 14.1. UN number

ADR / RID, IMDG, IATA: UN 1263

#### 14.2. UN proper shipping name

ADR / RID: PAINT OF PAINT RELATED MATERIAL IMDG: PAINT OF PAINT RELATED MATERIAL IATA: PAINT OF PAINT RELATED MATERIAL

#### 14.3. Transport hazard class(es)

ADR / RID: Class: 3 Label: 3

IMDG: Class: 3 Label: 3

IATA: Class: 3 Label: 3



## 14.4. Packing group

ADR / RID, IMDG, IATA:

## 14.5. Environmental hazards

ADR / RID: NO

IMDG: not marine pollutant

IATA: NO

#### 14.6. Special precautions for user

ADR / RID: HIN - Kemler: 33 Limited Quantities: 5 L Tunnel restriction code: (D/E)

Special provision: 163, 367, 640(C-D), 650

IMDG: EMS: F-E, <u>S-E</u> Limited Quantities: 5 L

IATA: Cargo: Maximum quantity: 60 L Packaging instructions: 364
Passengers: Maximum quantity: 5 L Packaging instructions: 353

Special provision: A3, A72, A192

## 14.7. Transport in bulk according to Annex II of Marpol and the IBC Code

Information not relevant



# Zeus' Tile Sealer

Revision nr.2 Dated 8/7/2024 Printed on 8/7/2024 Page n. 9 / 11 Replaced revision:1 (Dated 5/2/2024)

## 15. Regulatory information

#### 15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

#### U.S. Federal Regulations

#### TSCA:

All components of this product are listed on US Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) Inventory or are exempt from the listing / notification requirements.

#### Clean Air Act Section 112(b):

No component(s) listed.

#### Clean Air Act Section 602 Class I Substances:

No component(s) listed.

### Clean Air Act Section 602 Class II Substances:

No component(s) listed.

#### Clean Water Act - Priority Pollutants:

No component(s) listed.

## <u>Clean Water Act – Toxic Pollutants:</u>

No component(s) listed.

#### **DEA List I Chemicals (Precursor Chemicals):**

No component(s) listed.

## DEA List II Chemicals (Essential Chemicals):

78-93-3 METHYLETHYLKETONE

#### EPA List of Lists:

313 Category Code:

No component(s) listed.

#### EPCRA 302 EHS TPQ:

No component(s) listed.

#### EPCRA 304 EHS RQ:

No component(s) listed.

## CERCLA RQ:

78-93-3 METHYLETHYLKETONE 123-86-4 N-BUTYL ACETATE

#### EPCRA 313 TRI:

No component(s) listed.

## RCRA Code:

78-93-3 METHYLETHYLKETONE

## CAA 112 (r) RMP TQ:

No component(s) listed.

## State Regulations

#### Massachussetts:

78-93-3 METHYLETHYLKETONE 123-86-4 N-BUTYL ACETATE

#### Minnesota:

78-93-3 METHYLETHYLKETONE 123-86-4 N-BUTYL ACETATE

#### New Jersey:

78-93-3 METHYLETHYLKETONE



## Zeus' Tile Sealer

Revision nr.2 Dated 8/7/2024 Printed on 8/7/2024 Page n. 10 / 11 Replaced revision:1 (Dated 5/2/2024)

## 15. Regulatory information .../>>

123-86-4 N-BUTYL ACETATE

New York:

78-93-3 METHYLETHYLKETONE 123-86-4 N-BUTYL ACETATE

Pennsylvania:

78-93-3 METHYLETHYLKETONE 123-86-4 N-BUTYL ACETATE

California:

78-93-3 METHYLETHYLKETONE 123-86-4 N-BUTYL ACETATE

#### Proposition 65:

This product does not contain any substances know to the State of California to cause cancer, reproductive harm or birth defects.

#### International Regulations

Substances subject to exportation reporting pursuant to Regulation (EU) 649/2012:

None

Substances subject to the Rotterdam Convention:

None

Substances subject to the Stockholm Convention:

None

#### 16. Other information

Text of hazard (H) indications mentioned in section 2-3 of the sheet:

H225 Highly flammable liquid and vapour.
 H226 Flammable liquid and vapour.
 H319 Causes serious eye irritation.
 H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

#### LEGEND:

- 313 CATEGORY CODE: Emergency Planning and Community Right-to Know Act Section 313 Category Code
- ADR: European Agreement concerning the carriage of Dangerous goods by Road
- ATE: Acute Toxicity Estimate
- CAA 112 ® RMP TQ: Risk Management Plan Threshold Quantity (Clean Air Act Section 112®)
- CAS: Chemical Abstract Service Number
- CE50: Effective concentration (required to induce a 50% effect)
- CERCLA RQ: Reportable Quantity (Comprehensive Environment Response, Compensation, and Liability Act)
- CLP: Regulation (EC) 1272/2008
- DEA: Drug Enforcement Administration
- EmS: Emergency Schedule
- EPA: US Environmental Protection Agency
- EPCRA: Emergency Planning and Community Right-to Know Act
- EPCRA 302 EHS TPQ: Extremely Hazardous Substance Threshold Planning Quantity (Section 302 Category Code)
- EPCRA 304 EHS RQ: Extremely Hazardous Substance Reportable Quantity (Section 304 Category Code)
- EPCRA 313 TRI: Toxics Release Inventory (Section 313 Category Code)
- GHS: Globally Harmonized System of classification and labeling of chemicals
- IATA DGR: International Air Transport Association Dangerous Goods Regulation
- IC50: Immobilization Concentration 50%
- IMDG: International Maritime Code for dangerous goods
- IMO: International Maritime Organization
- LC50: Lethal Concentration 50%
- LD50: Lethal dose 50%
- OEL: Occupational Exposure Level
- PEL: Predicted exposure level
- RCRA Code: Resource Conservation and Recovery Act Code
- REACH: Regulation (EC) 1907/2006
- REL: Recommended exposure limit
- RID: Regulation concerning the international transport of dangerous goods by train
- TLV: Threshold Limit Value
- TLV CEILING: Concentration that should not be exceeded during any time of occupational exposure.
- TSCA: Toxic Substances Control Act
- TWA: Time-weighted average exposure limit



## Zeus' Tile Sealer

Revision nr.2 Dated 8/7/2024 Printed on 8/7/2024 Page n. 11 / 11 Replaced revision:1 (Dated 5/2/2024)

#### 16. Other information .../>>

- TWA STEL: Short-term exposure limit
- VOC: Volatile organic Compounds
- WHMIS: Workplace Hazardous Materials Information System.

#### GENERAL BIBLIOGRAPHY:

- GHS rev. 3
- The Merck Index. 10th Edition
- Handling Chemical Safety
- Niosh Registry of Toxic Effects of Chemical Substances
- INRS Fiche Toxicologique (toxicological sheet)
- Patty Industrial Hygiene and Toxicology
- N.I. Sax Dangerous properties of Industrial Materials-7, 1989 Edition
- FCHA website
- Database of SDS models for chemicals Ministry of Health and ISS (Istituto Superiore di Sanità) Italy
- 6 NYCRR part 597
- Cal/OSHA website
- California Safe Drinking Water and Toxic Enforcement Act
- EPA website
- Hazard Comunication Standard (HCS 2012)
- IARC website
- List Of Lists EPA: Consolidated List of Chemicals Subject to EPCRA, CERCLA and Section 112® of the Clean Air Act
- Massachussetts 105 CMR Department of public health 670.000: "Right to Know"
- Minensota Chapter 5206 Departemnt Of Labor and Industry Hazardous Substances, Employee "Right to Know".
- New Jersey Worker and Community Right to know Act N.J.S.A.
- NTP. 2011. Report on Carcinogens, 12th Edition.
- OSHA website
- Pennsylvania, Hazardous Substance List, Chapter 323

#### Note for users:

The information contained in the present sheet are based on our own knowledge on the date of the last version. Users must verify the suitability and thoroughness of provided information according to each specific use of the product.

This document must not be regarded as a guarantee on any specific product property.

The use of this product is not subject to our direct control; therefore, users must, under their own responsibility, comply with the current health and safety laws and regulations. The producer is relieved from any liability arising from improper uses.

Provide appointed staff with adequate training on how to use chemical products.

## CALCULATION METHODS FOR CLASSIFICATION

Product classification derives from criteria established by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (HCS) (29 CFR 1910.1200), unless determined otherwise in Section 11 and 12. The data for evaluation of chemical-physical properties are reported in section 9.

#### Changes to previous review:

The following sections were modified:

09.